

Inverclyde Performance Report 1st April 2022 - 30th June 2022



Working together for a safer Scotland

Inverclyde Performance Report

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Local Fire and Rescue Service Plan Priorities

The Local Fire and Rescue Service Plan has been developed to set out the priorities and objectives within Inverciyde and allows our local authority partners to scrutinise the performance outcomes of these priorities. We will continue to work closely with our partners in Inverciyde to ensure we are all "Working Together for a Safer Scotland" through targeting risks to our communities at a local level.

The plan has been developed to complement key partnership activity embedded across Inverclyde Community Plan and associated Delivery and Thematic plans. Through partnership working we will seek to deliver continuous improvement in our performance and effective service delivery in our area of operations.

The Local Fire and Rescue Plan for Inverciyde identified six areas for demand reduction and is subject to regular monitoring and reporting through the Police / Fire and Rescue Committee. A summary of the priorities and current activity is detailed below with further detail and analysis contained within this performance report.

	Accidental Dwelling Fires	Accidental Dwelling Fire Casualties	Unintentional Injury and Harm	Deliberate Fire Setting	Non- Domestic Fire Safety	Unwanted Fire Alarm Signals
Inverclyde Central	1	0	2	19	0	13
Inverclyde East	3	0	0	34	1	10
Inverclyde East Central	5	0	0	52	2	13
Inverclyde North	1	0	2	22	1	27
Inverclyde South	1	0	1	23	2	25
Inverclyde South West	0	0	3	28	0	5
Inverciyde West	1	0	2	9	0	5

Total Incidents	12	0	10	187	6	98
Year on Year Change	-33%	100%	4 25%	-33%	-33 %	61 %
3 Year Average Change	-5%	44%	-19%	11%	11 %	1 %

About the statistics within this report

The activity totals and other statistics quoted within this report are published in the interests of transparency and openness. They are provisional in nature and subject to change as a result of ongoing quality assurance and review. Because all statistics quoted are provisional there may be a difference in the period totals quoted in our reports after local publication which result from revisions or additions to the data in our systems. The Scottish Government publishes official statistics each year which allow for comparisons to be made over longer periods of time.

- Activity levels have reduced by more than 5%
- Activity levels have reduced by up to 5%
- Activity levels have increased overall

Inverclyde Activity Summary



fires
primary &
secondary











false alarms





483 total number of incidents





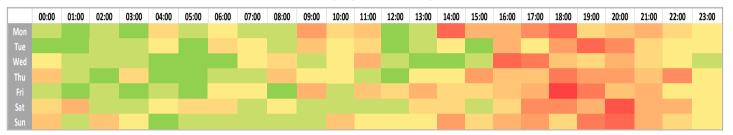




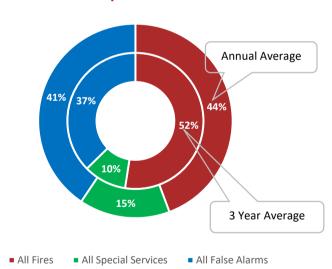
£193,060
economic cost of
ufas incidents

*data above is year on year change

Activity by Time of Day



Incidents by Classification



Top 15 Incidents Types by %





Domestic Safety - Accidental Dwelling Fires



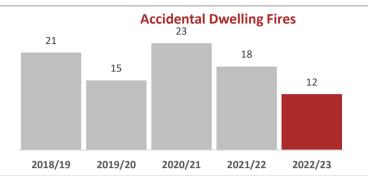


Year on Year

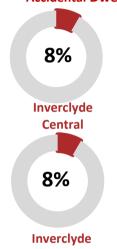
3 Year Average

-33%

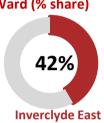
-5%



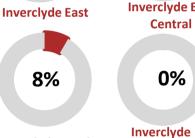
Accidental Dwelling Fires Activity by Ward (% share)





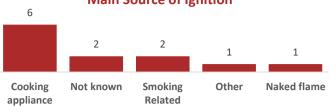


South West





Main Source of Ignition



Accidental Dwelling Fires by Time of Day



Severity of Accidental Dwelling Fires





No Firefighting Action

42%



Direct Firefighting 42%





No Heat/Smoke Damage **67%**

No Fire Damage 17%

Human Factors





0%

33%

Automatic Detection & Actuation







Calls Made via Linked

Actuated 80%

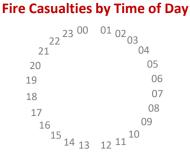
83% 83%

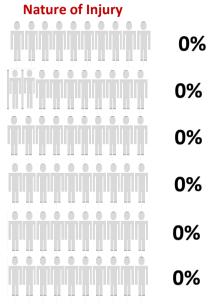
It is positive to report a continuing downward trend in accidental dwelling fires. Where incidents do occur, detection is present in the majority of instances and the severity of damage is low. Our local crews complete Post Domestic Incident Response activity for every domestic incident attended. We are supported by our Community Action Team who attend the Inverclyde Hub meetings 3 times a week. This partnership work is critical to improving the safety of our community.

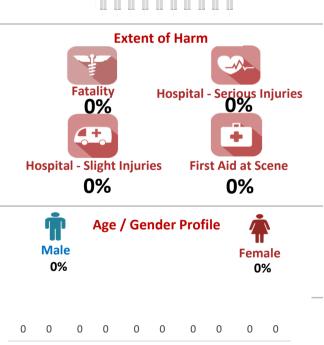
Domestic Safety - Accidental Dwelling Fire Casualties











We are pleased to report no injuries recorded this reporting period in relation to accidental dwelling fires.

0 - 9

10 - 19

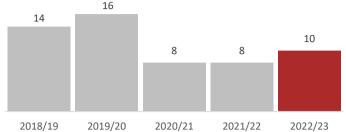
80+

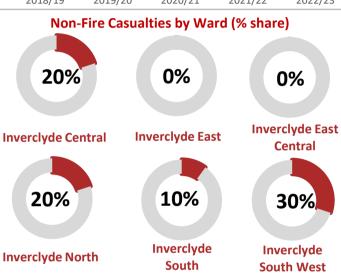
50 - 79

Unintentional Injury and Harm

Performance Summary Year on 3 Year Year Average -19% 25%





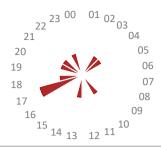


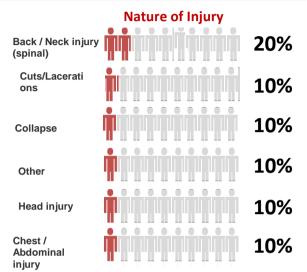
Inverclyde West

20%

A small increase within the reporting area of unintentional injury and harm. Noting that casualty numbers remain low, this reporting period is focused on road traffic collisions and assisting partner agencies. These incidents are discussed during partnership hub meetings and the extent of harm is predominately low. As reported previously, we expect the incidence of assistance to partners will increase as we free up capacity with demand reduction strategies. Within our Community Action Team we have a Road Safety Champion who co-ordinates education and demand reduction initiatives.

Non-Fire Casualties by Time of Day





Extent of Harm



Hospital - Slight Injuries 50%

40%

Non-Fire Emergency Activity





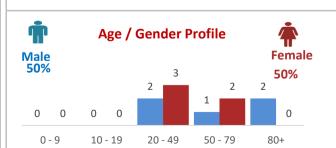


Collision 60%

Road Traffic Assisting Other Agencies 40%

0%

Water Rescue



Deliberate Fire Setting

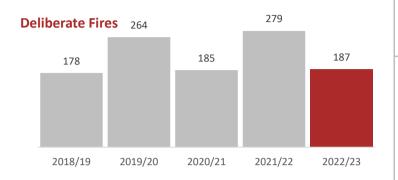


Performance Summary

Year on Year 3 Year Average

_-33%

_-11%



Deliberate Fires by Ward (% share)







Inverclyde Central

Inverclyde East

Inverclyde East Central











Inverclyde South West



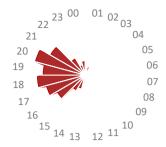
Inverclyde West

Definitions

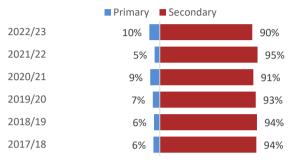
<u>Primary Fires -</u> all fires in buildings, vehicles and outdoor structures or any fire involving casualties, rescues or fires attended by five or more appliances

<u>Secondary Fires</u> – fire incidents that did not occur at a primary location, was not a chimney fire in an occupied building, did not involve casualties (otherwise categorised as a primary incident) and was attended by four or fewer appliances.

Deliberate Fires by Time of Day



Deliberate Fires by Classification



Primary Fire Ratio by Activity Type





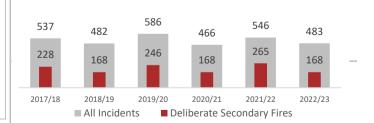


Secondary Fire Ratio by Activity Type



Deliberate Fires Compared to Operational Activity

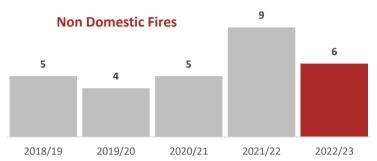
77%

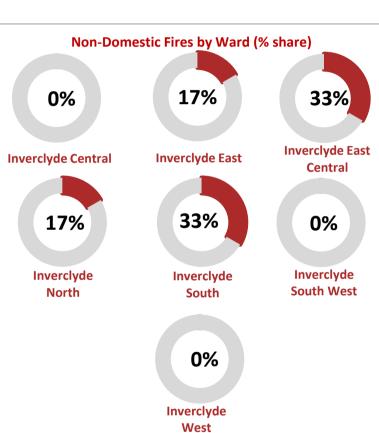


Whilst deliberate fire statitics are decreasing, we will remain absolutely focused on partnership work to minimise these incidents and improve community and responder safety. Once again, information sharing during Inverciyde Hub meetings and dovetailing our seasonal Thematic Action Plans contribute positively to this work. In addition, we contribute to a national working group focused on reducing deliberate fire setting.

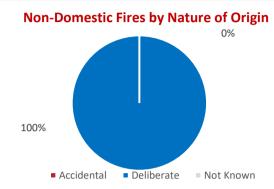
Non Domestic Fire Safety

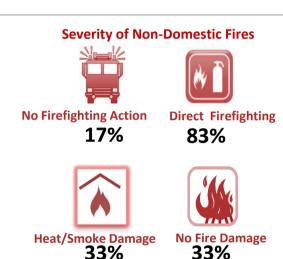


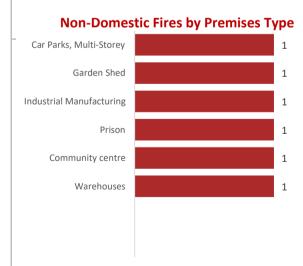












A reduction this reporting period in non domestic fires with no trends identified in premises type. Supported by our national Prevention and Protetion function, all non domestic premises which are relevant under the Fire (Scotland) Act are audited by our local protection teams who will provide advice and support to dutyholders in order for them to meet their legaslative obligations.

Unwanted Fire Alarm Signals

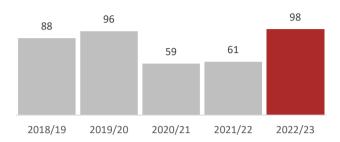


Performance Summary

3 Year Year on Average

61% 1%

Unwanted Fire Alarm Signals



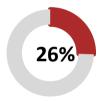
Unwanted Fire Alarm Signals by Ward (% share)

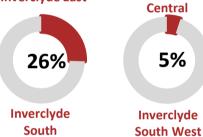


28%

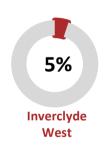
Inverclyde

North

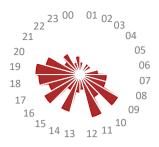




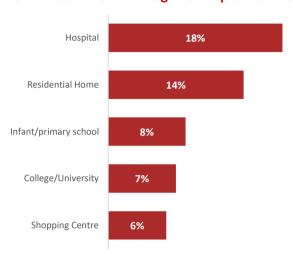
13%



Unwanted Fire Alarm Signals by Time of Day



Unwanted Fire Alarm Signals - Top 5 Premises



Unwanted Fire Alarm Signals Activity Ratios



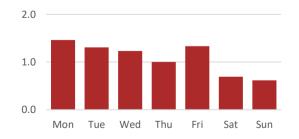
UFAS Percentage Against all False Alarms



Human Influence and Alarm Activations



Average Unwanted Fire Alarm Signals per Day



An increase in unwanted fire alarm signals this reporting period. Work is ongoing to support premises with high levels of UFAS activity. As presented to committee earlier this year, our response to these types of incidents will significantly change during 2023. In preparation for this, our national Prevention and Protection Function will complete internal engagement with operational crews and externally with responsible persons in relavent premises to provide support as we complete this work. Our local UFAS champion works closely with responsible managers in the 'Top 5' premises type to identify the cause of alarm actuations and reduce or prevent these.